



QUORN HALL
SCHOOL

Health and Safety Policy and Procedures

Person Responsible: Regional Premises Manager

Last reviewed on: February 2022

Next review due by: February 2023

Created: Date May 2020

Revisions: Annually

Quorn Hall School is owned and operated by Cavendish Education.

This policy is one of a series of school policies that, taken together, are designed to form a comprehensive statement of the school's aspiration to provide an outstanding education for each of its pupils and of the mechanisms and procedures in place to achieve this. Accordingly, this policy should be read alongside these policies. In particular it should be read in conjunction with the policies covering equality and diversity, Health and Safety, safeguarding and child protection.

All of these policies have been written, not simply to meet statutory and other requirements, but to enable and evidence the work that the whole school is undertaking to ensure the implementation of its core values:

- **'Levelling up'** - We want our children to be able to meet appropriate milestones and age related expectations, socially, emotionally and academically.
- **Thrive not survive** - We want our children to thrive in school and society, not just survive their adverse childhood experiences.
- **Confidence** - Develop confidence in their abilities and self image/esteem as learners and members of society.
- **Creativity** - Foster individuality and celebrate differences and create a compassionate and accepting environment. Provide tools that give students options, voice, and choice in order to enable them to be creative.
- **Competence** - In their ability to self-regulate and interact with different types of people and overcome the challenges and traumas from the past.
- **Character** - Develop resilience so they see failures or negative situations as a learning opportunity by implementing growth mindset approach.
- **Compassion** - For pupils and the challenging circumstances they have encountered in both their personal and educational lives.
- **Care** - To overtly demonstrate to pupils that adults do care about them and their futures - every day is a fresh start.

While this current policy document may be referred to elsewhere in Quorn Hall School documentation, including particulars of employment, it is non-contractual.

Within the school's policies, unless the specific context requires otherwise, the word "parent" is used in terms of Section 576 of the [Education Act 1996](#), which states that a 'parent', in relation to a child or young person, includes any person who is not a biological parent but who has parental responsibility, or who has care of the child. Department for Education guidance [Understanding and dealing with issues relating to parental responsibility](#) considers a 'parent' to include:

- all biological parents, whether they are married or not
- any person who, although not a biological parent, has parental responsibility for a child or young person – this could be an adoptive parent, a step-parent, guardian or other relative
- any person who, although not a biological parent and does not have parental responsibility, has care of a child or young person

A person typically has care of a child or young person if they are the person with whom the child lives, either full or part time and who looks after the child, irrespective of what their biological or legal relationship is with the child.

The school employs the services of the following consulting companies to ensure regulatory compliance and the implementation of best practice:

- Peninsula BrightHR
- Peninsula BusinessSafe (Health and Safety)
- Atlantic Data (DBS)
- Educare (online CPD)

Quorn Hall School is committed to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children and young people and expects all staff, volunteers, pupils and visitors to share this commitment.

All outcomes generated by this document must take account of and seek to contribute to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children and young people at Quorn Hall School.

The policy documents of Quorn Hall School are revised and published periodically in good faith. They are inevitably subject to revision. On occasions a significant revision, although promulgated in school separately, may have to take effect between the re-publication of a set of policy documents. Care should therefore be taken to ensure, by consultation with the Senior Leadership Team, that the details of any policy document are still effectively current at a particular moment.

Contents

General Policy

A declaration of our intent to provide and maintain, so far as is reasonably practicable, a safe and healthy working environment and to enlist the support of our employees in achieving these goals.

Organisation and Responsibilities

This section sets out the health and safety responsibilities of key personnel within the organisation.

Safety Arrangements

This section explains the systems and procedures that will be used to form the basis of our health and safety regime.

Safety Records (this section may be in a separate folder)

This section contains:

- An Annual Review of our Health and Safety System and Procedures.
- Periodic Checklists created specifically for individual roles and responsibilities.
- A comprehensive source of records relating to statutory examination periodic inspection and testing of the work equipment and installations used by our organisation.
- Records for Fire Safety Management.
- A system for keeping health and safety training records.
- A section for accident and incident reporting, and investigation.

Health and Safety Policy

General Policy

This Health and Safety Policy contains a plan detailing how we manage our health and safety issues. The policy sets out our commitment to manage risks and provide good standards of health and safety and also to meet our legal duties. Health and safety is an integral part of how we do business as a responsible employer and we have put in place the necessary organization and arrangements to achieve this. This policy has been prepared after a full appraisal of our health, safety and welfare requirements and will be reviewed periodically (at least annually).

Health and Safety General Policy Statement

This is a declaration of our intent to provide and maintain, so far as is reasonably practicable, a safe and healthy working environment and to enlist the support of employees towards achieving these goals. The General Policy statement is brought to the attention of all employees by publication in the main policy manual and in the Employee Safety Handbook. It may also be included on notice boards in our premises.

Organization

This part of the Policy details the health and safety responsibilities of key personnel within our organization. These responsibilities are fulfilled by completion of various Safety Records, pro-formas and records in relation to on-going maintenance activities, training, accident reporting, and investigation, and actions that have taken place.

Relevant legislation

This page sets out details of the main statutes and regulations affecting health and safety at work that are currently in force.

Safety Arrangements

This part of the Policy explains the systems and procedures in place for managing individual topics or subjects for which our business is responsible.

To assist us with our duty we have retained Peninsula to provide information and guidance on how these provisions should be managed and recorded.

We accept that we cannot transfer our responsibility for managing health, safety and welfare within the workplace to others outside our employ. Use of the above documents will aid our success in fulfilling these responsibilities.

Health and Safety General Policy Statement

Cavendish Education & Training Ltd recognises that it has responsibilities for the health and safety of our workforce whilst at work and others who could be affected by our work activities. We will assess the hazards and risks faced by our workforce in the course of their work and take action to control those risks to an acceptable, tolerable level.

Our managers and supervisors are made aware of their responsibilities and are required to take all reasonable precautions to ensure the safety, health and welfare of our workforce and anyone else likely to be affected by the operation of our business.

This business intends meeting its legal obligations by providing and maintaining a safe and healthy working environment so far as is reasonably practicable. This will be achieved by;

- providing leadership and adequate control of identified health and safety risks;
- consulting with our employees on matters affecting their health and safety;
- providing and maintaining safe plant and equipment;
- ensuring the safe handling and use of substances;
- providing information, instruction, training where necessary for our workforce, taking account of any who do not have English as a first language;
- ensuring that all workers are competent to do their work, and giving them appropriate training;
- preventing accidents and cases of work related ill health;
- actively managing and supervising health and safety at work;
- having access to competent advice;
- aiming for continuous improvement in our health and safety performance and management through regular (at least annual) review and revision of this policy; and
- the provision of the resource required to make this policy and our health and safety arrangements effective.

We also recognise;

- our duty to co-operate and work with other employers when we work at premises or sites under their control to ensure the continued health and safety of all those at work; and
- our duty to co-operate and work with other employers and their workers, when their workers come onto our premises or sites to do work for us, to ensure the health and safety of everyone at work.

To help achieve our objectives and ensure our employees recognise their duties under health and safety legislation whilst at work, we will also remind them of their duty to take reasonable care for themselves and for others who might be affected by their activities. These duties are explained on first employment at induction and also set out in an Employee Safety Handbook, given to each employee, which sets out their duties and includes our specific health and safety rules.

Signature Date

Position

Record of Periodic Review of our Health and Safety Policy

Our Health and Safety General Policy Statement and Safety Arrangements are reviewed periodically. This is a record of these periodic reviews we have undertaken. Our Peninsula Health and Safety Consultant will also review our system and documentation during their routine visits to ensure that they meet current statutory requirements and good practice relevant to our business. This record should be endorsed by all persons who carry out these periodic reviews (including Health and Safety Consultants).

Organisation

Health and Safety Management Structure

Although the Board of Trustees have overall responsibility for the implementation of this policy, day to day responsibility for particular issues has been delegated to key personnel.

The management structure within our business is shown here and the allocation of day to day responsibility for particular health and safety issues is shown in the Responsibility Chart which appears later in this document.

Board of Trustees
Executive Principal
Compliance Manager
Headteacher
Quality Assurance and Premises Officer
Head Chef
Deputy Headteacher

Health and Safety Management Responsibilities

The Board of Trustees have recognised that they retain overall responsibility for health and safety matters. They also recognise that the business needs to take action in respect of the key points listed here. In managing these matters emphasis is placed on managers and supervisors for recognising hazards and potential risks and then taking steps to minimise their effects on employees and others.

General

- Provide and resource an effective health and safety management system.
- Make arrangements to consult with employees on health and safety matters.
- Arrange and maintain appropriate Employers' Liability Insurance cover.
- Ensure that health and safety implications are considered when acquiring new equipment and machinery.
- Ensure that contractors (when used) are competent and monitored during work.
- Ensure that a process is in place to identify and report hazards.
- Ensure that all employees receive appropriate health and safety training.
- Provide measures to protect the health and safety of employees working alone.
- Monitor the health and safety performance of the organisation.

Occupational Health

- Ensure that adequate procedures are in place to identify and address occupational health risks.
- Ensure that the measures required to reduce and control employees' exposure to occupational health risks are in place and used.
- Implement measures to reduce stress within the workplace.

Accidents, Incidents and First Aid

- Record accidents and incidents.
- Complete accident and incident investigations, identify causes and measures for prevention.
- Ensure that applicable injuries, diseases and dangerous occurrences are reported to the Enforcing Authority.
- Ensure that adequate first aid arrangements are in place.

Fire and Emergency Arrangements

Ensure that:

- Adequate arrangements are in place to deal with fire safety at our premises or at our member's premises.
- Employees are aware of the fire and evacuation arrangements and other emergency procedures.
- Emergency equipment is provided, tested and maintained appropriately.
- Adequate Fire Risk Assessments are completed.

Risk Assessment

Ensure that:

- Risk assessments are complete and Safe Systems of Work are produced for all activities that pose a significant risk of harm.
- Risk assessments are documented.
- The outcomes of risk assessments are carefully explained to the workforce.

Premises

- Provide a suitable and safe working environment for employees with adequate welfare facilities.
- Ensure that the fixed electrical installation is adequately installed and maintained.
- Introduce and maintain measures to control and manage the risks from asbestos.

- Ensure good housekeeping standards are instigated and maintained.
- Provide suitable and sufficient maintenance of the facilities provided within the workplace.

Equipment

Ensure that:

- All equipment provided by the organisation is suitable and properly used.
- All work equipment is adequately maintained and safe.
- Portable electrical appliances are adequately maintained, inspected and tested.
- Appropriate hand tools are provided and maintained.
- Any Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) provided gives suitable protection, is used and that employees are given information, instruction and training on its use.

Substances

Ensure that:

- All substances are used safely.
- All substances are appropriately stored.

Managers and supervisors

In addition to their general responsibilities for health and safety the Responsibility Table, shown later, sets out specific delegated health and safety responsibilities and identifies the managers and supervisors they are allocated to. They should refer to the associated Safety Arrangements, set out later, for further detail about those responsibilities.

Employee and workers' responsibilities

Our policy takes account of the specific statutory duties placed on people to take care for their own health and safety whilst at work and for that of others. Specifically we expect employees to:

- Ensure that company policies and procedures are read, understood and followed at all times.
 - Ensure that isolation and lockdown procedures are followed at all times.
 - Follow booking on and off site procedures at all sites (including head office).
 - Take reasonable care for their health and safety and the safety of others whilst at work.
- Not intentionally or recklessly interfere with or misuse anything required by law or provided by the company in the interests of health and safety.
- Visually inspect tools, PPE and equipment prior to use.
- Ensure that PPE, tools and equipment are maintained, used and stored in accordance with manufacturer documentation.
- Follow all safety instructions and guidance when using equipment.
- Report any Good Catches, incidents, accidents and non-conformances to the H&S manager.
- Contribute to the promotion of health and safety in the workplace.
- Follow all written safe systems of work (ssow) including method statements, risk assessments, COSHH data, permits to work etc. and their requirements.
- Follow the safety instructions of senior management.
- Ensure that they do not use tools and equipment unless they have been formally trained and are competent to do so.
- Comply with legislation, Approved Codes of Practice and guidance notes.
- Ensure all company vehicles are driven in a safe and suitable manner, and that the vehicle is left secure when not in use.
- Consult on health and safety matters and investigations to ensure a safe working environment is established.
- Seek advice from management on any issues relating to health and safety at work.
- Obey all site safety signs, general site rules and arrangements.

Monitoring

The operation of this policy and arrangements is actively monitored through the periodic review

of our completed Safety Record Forms and also by using Periodic Workplace Checklists. The Board of Trustees have overall responsibility for this, but some of the routine tasks may be delegated. We also use an Annual Health and Safety Review form to determine whether our existing health and safety procedures and arrangements are adequate.

People who have delegated responsibilities under this policy will also complete Periodic Checklists of compliance with the policy and procedures arranging for remedial actions to be taken where necessary. The outcomes of these periodic reviews will also be taken into account during the annual review.

Monitoring and review help us to check the effectiveness of our Safety Management System.

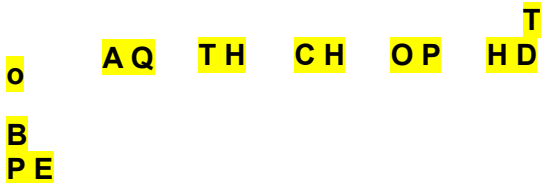
Responsibility Table

This Responsibility Table shows the allocation of responsibility for particular health and safety issues to named people or management positions.

Key

- BoT - Board of Trustees
- EP - Executive Principle
- QA - Quality Assurance & Compliance Manager
- HT - Head Teacher
- HC - Head Chef
- PO - Premises Officer
- DH - Deputy Head

Safety arrangements



Managing Safety & Health at Work ✓✓ Managing Migrant Workers

✓

Accident, Incident, Ill Health Reporting and Investigation ✓✓

**Workplace H&S Consultation - One-to-one ✓ Risk Assessment and Hazard Reporting ✓
 ✓✓✓ Occupational Health and Health Surveillance ✓ Substance & Alcohol Abuse ✓
 Purchasing ✓✓ New and Expectant Mothers ✓ Employing Children & Young Persons
 ✓ Lone Working ✓ Health & Safety Training ✓ Health & Safety of Visitors ✓✓✓
 Personal Protective Equipment ✓✓✓ Home Working ✓ Employing Agency and
 Temporary Staff ✓✓ Safe Systems of Work ✓✓✓✓ Action on Enforcing Authority
 Reports ✓**

Equality and Disability

Discrimination Compliance



H&S Information for Employees ✓ Fire Safety - Arrangements and Procedures ✓ ✓

First Aid ✓

Welfare, Staff Amenities, Rest Rooms & the Working Environment ✓

A Q

C H

H D

Safety arrangements

P E

T H

O P

T o

B

Housekeeping and Cleaning ✓ Pest Control ✓ Building Services ✓

The Control of Hazardous & Non Hazardous Waste ✓

Access, Egress, Stairs & Floors ✓ Windows, Glass & Glazing in the Workplace ✓ Workplace Signs ✓ Working in the Open Air. Working in the Sun ✓ Water Temperature Control ✓ Premises ✓ Electrical Safety ✓

The Provision, Use & Maintenance of Work Equipment ✓ ✓

Hand Tools ✓ Office Equipment ✓ Control of Flammable Liquids ✓ Slips, Trips & Falls ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ Special Events ✓ The Provision & Use of Machinery ✓ Abrasive Wheels ✓ Work at Height ✓ Access Equipment ✓ Occupational Road Safety ✓ Racking Storage Systems & Mezzanine Floors ✓ Safety in Food Preparation Environments ✓ Hand Arm Vibration ✓ Zoonoses ✓ Infection Control ✓ ✓ ✓ Leptospirosis ✓ Manual Handling ✓ ✓

Display Screen Equipment & DSE ✓ User Eye Tests & Spectacles

Legionella Control ✓ Radon ✓ Use of Chemical Agents & Substances ✓

Asbestos at Work-ACMs Present & No Off Site Risk ✓

Control of Noise at Work ✓

Safety arrangements

**Stress in the Workplace ✓ Aggression & Violence in the Workplace ✓ Dermatitis ✓
 Drugs & Medication - HealthCare UK ✓ Playgrounds ✓ Work with Children ✓ ✓
 Educational Visits ✓ ✓ Schools & Nurseries ✓ ✓ Working with Animals ✓ Contractor
 Control & Management ✓ Roof Work ✓ CDM - Client ✓**

Note:

People with delegated responsibilities for health and safety issues should ensure that the required risk assessments and safety records are completed, either by them or by others and that the required control measures are implemented when work activities take place.

Where more than one person has been assigned responsibility to a particular subject, each should ensure that they have fulfilled their responsibilities in the areas under their control and completed the relevant records. Together they need to check that collectively the organisation has covered all aspects of safety management for the subject.

Relevant Legislation

In most cases Health and Safety legislation requires common sense, reasonably practicable precautions to avoid the risk of injury or ill-health at work. Our Health and Safety Management System does not quote specific legal references; giving instead the information and detail of what is required in practice to secure compliance. If the guidance and requirements of our Health and Safety Management System are adopted compliance with the legal requirements will be achieved.

This page sets out, for the record, details of the main statutes and regulations affecting health and safety at work that were in force when this policy was prepared. The BusinessSafe Online Reference Library contains a similar list which will always be up to date. The document is titled 'Health and Safety Legislation (UK). Not every piece of the legislation will apply to our operation on a day to day basis, but we need to be aware of them should circumstances change.

Further detail and access to the specific wording of each of these legal requirements is available from the BusinessSafe 24 Hour Advice Service on 0844 892 2785.

- Building Regulations 2010 (as amended)
- European Regulation (EC) No 2016/425/2016 on Personal Protective Equipment
- European Regulation (EC) No 2008/1272 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
- European Regulation (EC) No 2003/2003 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, as amended
- Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019

- Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Chemicals (Amendments to Secondary Legislation) Regulations 2015
- Confined Spaces Regulations 1997
- Construction (Design and Management) Regulations 2015
- Control of Artificial Optical Radiation at Work Regulations 2010
- Control of Asbestos Regulations 2012
- Control of Electromagnetic Fields at Work Regulations 2016
- Control of Lead at Work Regulations 2002
- Control of Major Accident Hazard Regulations 2015
- Control of Noise at Work Regulations 2005
- Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended)
- Control of Vibration at Work Regulations 2005
- Corporate Manslaughter and Homicide Act 2007
- Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002
- Electricity at Work Regulations 1989
- Employers Liability (Compulsory Insurance) Regulations 1998 (as amended)
- Employment of Women, Young Persons and Children Act 1920.
- Equality Act 2010
- Furniture and Furnishings (Fire) (Safety) Regulations 1988 (as amended)
- Gas Appliances (Safety) Regulations 1995 (as amended)
- Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations 1998 (as amended)
- Gas Safety (Management) Regulations 1996
- Hazardous Waste Regulations 2005 (as amended)
- Health and Safety (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018
- Health and Safety Offences Act 2008
- Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974
- Health and Safety (Consultation with Employees) Regulations 1996
- Health and Safety (Display Screen Equipment) Regulations 1992
- Health and Safety (First Aid) Regulations 1981 (as amended)
- Health and Safety Information for Employees Regulations 1989 (as amended)
- Health and Safety (Safety Signs and Signals) Regulations 1996 (as amended)
- Health and Safety (Sharp Instruments in Healthcare) Regulations 2013.
- Health and Safety (Training for Employment) Regulations 1990
- Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (General Duties of Self-Employed Persons) (Prescribed Undertakings) Regulations 2015
- Ionising Radiations Regulations 2017
- Lifting Operations and Lifting Equipment Regulations 1998
- Lifts Regulations 2016
- Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 (as amended)
- Manual Handling Operations Regulations 1992 (as amended)
- Notification of Cooling Towers and Evaporative Condensers Regulations 1992
- Personal Protective Equipment at Work Regulations 1992 (as amended)
- Personal Protective Equipment Regulations 2002
- Regulation (EU) 2016/425 on Personal Protection Equipment
- Pressure Systems Safety Regulations 2000
- Provision and Use of Work Equipment Regulations 1998
- Radiation (Emergency Preparedness and Public Information) Regulations 2001
- The Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulations 2007 (REACH)
- Regulatory Reform Fire Safety Order 2005
- Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 2013
- Safety Representatives and Safety Committees Regulations 1977
- Work at Height Regulations 2005 (as amended)
- Workplace (Health, Safety and Welfare) Regulations 1992
- Working Time Regulations 1998 (as amended)

Safety Arrangements Table

Ref. Number Title Publication Date

SA1-1 Managing Safety & Health at Work v1
SA1-2 Managing Migrant Workers v1
SA1-3 Accident, Incident, Ill Health Reporting and Investigation v2
SA1-5 Workplace H&S Consultation - One-to-one v1
SA1-6 Risk Assessment and Hazard Reporting v2
SA1-7 Occupational Health and Health Surveillance v2
SA1-8 Substance & Alcohol Abuse v1
SA1-9 Purchasing v1
SA1-11 New and Expectant Mothers v2
SA1-12 Employing Children & Young Persons v1
SA1-13 Lone Working v3 SA1-14 Health & Safety Training v1
SA1-15 Health & Safety of Visitors v1
SA1-17 Personal Protective Equipment v1
SA1-18 Home Working v2
SA1-19 Employing Agency and Temporary Staff v1
SA1-20 Safe Systems of Work v1
SA1-21 Action on Enforcing Authority Reports v1
SA1-22 Equality and Disability Discrimination Compliance v2
SA1-23 H&S Information for Employees v1 SA 2-1 Fire Safety - Arrangements and Procedures v2
SA3-1 First Aid v2
SA3-2 Welfare, Staff Amenities, Rest Rooms & the Working Environment v2
SA3-3 Housekeeping and Cleaning v2 SA3-4 Pest Control v1
SA3-5 Building Services v3 SA3-6 The Control of Hazardous & Non Hazardous Waste 3
SA3-9 Access, Egress, Stairs & Floors v2
SA3-10 Windows, Glass & Glazing in the Workplace v1
SA3-11 Workplace Signs v1
SA3-13 Working in the Open Air. Working in the Sun v3
SA3-14 Water Temperature Control v1 SA3-15 Premises v2
SA4-1 Electrical Safety v2
SA4-2 The Provision, Use & Maintenance of Work Equipment v1
SA4-3 Hand Tools v1
SA4-4 Office Equipment v1
SA4-6 Control of Flammable Liquids v1
SA4-8 Slips, Trips & Falls v1
SA4-9 Special Events v1
SA4-10 The Provision & Use of Machinery v1
SA4-13 Abrasive Wheels v1
SA4-20 Work at Height v2
SA4-21 Access Equipment v2
SA4-31 Occupational Road Safety v2
SA4-34 Racking Storage Systems & Mezzanine Floors v1
SA4-35 Safety in Food Preparation Environments v1
SA5-1 Hand Arm Vibration v1
SA5-3 Zoonoses v1
SA5-4 Infection Control v1
SA5-8 Leptospirosis v1
SA5-9 Manual Handling v3
SA5-11 Display Screen Equipment & DSE User Eye Tests & Spectacles v2
SA5-12 Legionella Control v1
SA5-13 Radon v1

Ref. Number Title Publication Date

SA5-17 Control of Noise at Work v1
SA5-18 Stress in the Workplace v1
SA5-19 Aggression & Violence in the Workplace v1
SA5-26 Dermatitis v1
SA6-3 Drugs & Medication - HealthCare UK v4
SA6-10 Playgrounds v1 SA6-14 Work with Children v1
SA6-15 Educational Visits v1
SA6-16 Schools & Nurseries v1
SA6-18 Working with Animals v1
SA7-2 Contractor Control & Management v1
SA7-3 Roof Work v1
SA7-4a CDM - Client v2

MANAGING SAFETY AND HEALTH AT WORK

We recognise the business benefits that can accrue from the effective management of safety and health at work. To obtain these benefits for our company we have recognised the need for an effective management system and have taken steps to put such a system in place.

We have done this by:

- Nominating an individual member of the senior management to take responsibility for managing safety and health at work.
- Providing adequate resources.
- Providing such health and safety information, instruction and training for all workers as is necessary for them to be able to work without risk to their health or safety so far as is reasonably practicable.
- Recording and analysing all reportable accidents, minor accidents, near-miss incidents and dangerous occurrences.
- Reporting reportable accidents within the statutory timescales (information is in our Guidance Notes).
- Providing and recording relevant training.
- Routinely reviewing the operation of our reporting system.
- Having access to competent health and safety advice.

The person nominated with responsibility for overseeing this organisation's arrangements for managing safety and health at work is identified within the Responsibility Table of our Health and Safety Policy.

Safety Arrangement 1-1

MANAGING SAFETY AND HEALTH AT WORK

Action Plan

In order to meet our legal obligations to manage safety and health at work we need to:

1. Identify a person to take responsibility for managing health and safety in our business activities.
2. Ensure that the responsible person understands their duties and responsibilities.
3. Provide adequate training for that person.
4. Give that person the authority required and the resource necessary for them to fulfil their role.
5. Plan our management of health and safety at work, set up and maintain systems that will deliver a satisfactory health and safety performance.
6. Explain to our workers, Supervisors and Managers the nature of our arrangements for managing health and safety at work.
7. Ensure that all our workers are aware of the need to make concerns about health and safety at work known and report accidents, incidents and cases of work-related ill health to their Managers.
8. Review our arrangements from time to time to ensure that they are fully understood and are operating correctly.

Advice and guidance on the reporting requirements and reporting system can be found in our Guidance Note 1-1 – Managing Safety and Health at Work.

Safety Arrangement 1-2

MANAGING MIGRANT WORKERS

We recognise that we need to properly manage the health and safety of migrant workers who may not have English as a first language. We need to ensure that they understand information and training given to them and that they are able to comprehend instructions given by their Managers. We have therefore taken steps to ensure that the health and safety at work of migrant workers is not compromised.

We do this by:

- Nominating an individual member of the senior management to take responsibility for the employment of migrant workers.
- Providing adequate resources.
 - Providing such health and safety information, instruction and training for migrant workers in language understood by them as is necessary for them to be able to work without risk to their health or safety so far as is reasonably practicable.
- Providing instruction to Supervisors so that they can effectively manage migrant workers.
- Keeping records of all this training.
- Routinely reviewing the operation of this policy and checking that staff understand and follow the correct procedures.
- Having access to competent translation services.

The person nominated with responsibility for overseeing this organisation's arrangements for managing safety and health at work is identified within the Responsibility Table of our Health and Safety Policy.

Safety Arrangement 1-2

MANAGING MIGRANT WORKERS

Action Plan

In order to meet our legal obligations to manage the health and safety at work of migrant workers we need to:

1. Identify a person to take responsibility for managing the employment of migrant workers.
2. Ensure that the responsible person understands their duties and responsibilities.
3. Provide adequate training for that person.
4. Give that person the authority required and the resource necessary for them to fulfil their role.
5. Assess our migrant workers' ability to understand and communicate in English and the actions we must take to ensure that language is not a barrier to communication.
6. Consider:
7. Language abilities, oral and written.
 - a. The best method of training and instruction.
 - b. Are translations needed? Who will do them?
 - c. Do translations keep the meaning and intent of the original? Is there room for misunderstanding a safety critical instruction?
 - d. How do Supervisors know that their instructions have been understood?
 - e. Stated qualifications from abroad may not give an understanding of our health and safety requirements?
 - f. Are migrant workers involved in any work process where the ability to give and understand instruction or direction is critical?
8. Explain the arrangements we put in place to our workforce. Ensure they are understood.
9. Provide training where required and information for any staff nominated with responsibility.
10. Implement the procedure and ensure that it is followed in practice.
11. Monitor and review the operation of this procedure from time to time making changes identified as necessary.

Information and advice on managing migrant workers can be found in Guidance Note 1-2.

Safety Arrangement 1-3

ACCIDENT, INCIDENT, ILL-HEALTH REPORTING AND INVESTIGATION

We encourage our employees to report all personal injury accidents, near miss incidents (dangerous occurrences) and ill-health that happen in the course of their work so that we can investigate the causes, learn from experience and improve our management of health and safety. We also use the information to help us meet our obligations under the legislation requiring accidents to be reported to the Enforcing Authority.

We do this by:

- Nominating an individual member of staff to be responsible for investigating, recording and reporting accidents, incidents and cases of work related ill-health.
- Having accident, incident and work related ill-health reporting procedures.
- Recording and analysing all reportable accidents, minor accidents, near-miss incidents (dangerous occurrences) and work related ill-health.
- Reporting reportable accidents, dangerous occurrences and work related ill-health within the statutory timescales (information is in our Guidance Notes).
- Developing and implementing investigation protocols and policies.
- Providing and recording relevant training.
- Ensuring that those carrying out investigations are competent.
- Routinely reviewing the outcome of investigations and the operation of our reporting system.

The personnel responsible for reporting accidents, dangerous occurrences and work related ill-health are identified within the Responsibility Table of our Health and Safety Policy.

Safety Arrangement 1-3

ACCIDENT, INCIDENT, ILL-HEALTH REPORTING AND INVESTIGATION

Action Plan

In order to meet our legal obligations to manage effectively the health and safety of our workforce and report accidents, incidents and cases of work related ill health to the Enforcing Authority we need to:

1. Identify people to be responsible for investigating the cause of injuries, incidents and ill health and to manage our reporting arrangements.
2. Ensure that the people nominated with responsibility for these arrangements have the knowledge and experience to carry out investigations and operate the system effectively.
3. Provide suitable training for those who don't.
4. Create the systems and make sure all members of our workforce, including managers and supervisors are aware of and understand them.
5. Provide an accident book, implement the procedures, and ensure that they are followed in practice.
6. When investigating consider;
 - a. the time and date of the event, the prevailing weather conditions and local lighting.
 - b. what was happening or what the injured person and any witnesses were doing.
 - c. risk assessments or safe systems of work for the task being carried out and details of relevant training given to the injured party and others involved.
 - d. obtaining witness statements, where possible.
 - e. making a sketch of the accident area, include accurate measurements, if appropriate.
 - f. taking photographs of the site; record any unusual or causal features present.
 - g. making observational notes on the potential causation, noting features, equipment defects or work practice that may have contributed to the eventual outcome.
 - h. the underlying, as well as the immediate, causes of the event.
7. Keep a written record of investigations.
8. Review the causes of the events that have occurred to consider whether similar events could be prevented by the introduction of reasonably practicable control measures.
9. Monitor and review the operation of this procedure from time to time to check that the investigation and reporting procedures are understood, are being followed in practice and that lessons learned are being put into practice.

For information and advice see;

Guidance Note 1-3 – Accident, Incident and Ill-Health Reporting.

Guidance Note 1-4 – Accident Investigation.

Safety Arrangement 1-5

WORKPLACE HEALTH AND SAFETY CONSULTATION

We have a duty to consult with our workforce on matters affecting their health, safety and welfare whilst at work. To meet this obligation we have established a process for Managers to consult with employees and elected safety representatives about work-related health, safety and welfare issues. We also use this system to deliver simple safety messages and rules through short tool-box talks.

We do this by:

- Nominating Supervisors and Managers to organise and hold consultation meetings and tool box talks.
- Arranging scheduled formal consultation meetings or tool box talks between Managers, elected representatives and employees (see also Guidance Note – Workplace Health and Safety Consultation).
- Developing and implementing consultation procedures.
- Implementing and undertaking where necessary a 'one to one' consultation process with individual employees. Details of such sessions will be recorded.
- Taking and keeping minutes of consultation meetings, making them available to all staff.
- Being seen to listen and act on issues and concerns raised during 'one to one' consultation meetings.

The management and supervisory personnel responsible for implementing and operating this consultation process are identified within the Responsibility Table of our Health and Safety Policy.

Safety Arrangement 1-5

WORKPLACE HEALTH AND SAFETY CONSULTATION

Action Plan

To set up a system for consulting with our workforce on health and safety at work matters we need to:

1. Ensure that the people nominated with responsibility for these arrangements have the knowledge and experience to operate the system effectively.
2. Provide suitable training for those who don't.
3. Create the system and make sure it is known to all members of our workforce. 4.

Consider as part of the system:

- a. recognising and involving representatives of the workforce from all levels.
 - b. permitting employee representatives to have time off to attend relevant health and safety training.
 - c. provide training for employee representatives if necessary or beneficial to the process.
 - d. scheduling health and safety as an agenda item for Consultation meetings.
 - e. implementing and undertaking 'one to one' consultation sessions with individual employees.
 - f. formally recording the outcomes of all consultation meetings and retaining these records.
 - g. making the outcomes of consultation meetings available to all those employees affected by them.
5. Explain these arrangements to our workforce. Ensure they are understood.
 6. Implement the procedure and ensure that it is followed in practice.
 7. Monitor and review the operation of this procedure from time to time to check that our workforce is consulted about health and safety matters that affect them whilst at work.

Advice and guidance on consultation arrangements and procedures can be found in our Guidance Note 1-5 – Workplace Health and Safety Consultation.

Safety Arrangement 1-6

RISK ASSESSMENT AND HAZARD REPORTING

We have a duty to assess the significant risks arising out of our business activities and for specific areas of concern. We have a duty to implement the findings of these risk assessments to ensure the safety, health and welfare of our employees and others who may be affected by our work activity.

To support this process and our management of health and safety we encourage our employees to report all hazards observed in the course of their work, so that potential risks can be identified and the appropriate action taken.

We do this by:

- Nominating senior staff members to oversee our risk assessment process and hazard reporting procedure.
 - Ensuring that risk assessments are undertaken by competent, trained personnel.
- Developing risk assessments procedures, Safe Systems of Work and measures to effectively control the work activities within our work premises.
- Explaining the results of risk assessments to our workforce.
- Implementing the findings of the risk assessments, procedures, strategies, Safe Systems of Work and control measures.
 - Implementing hazard reporting procedures and explaining them to our workforce.
- Recording and analysing hazards when they occur and investigating corrective and preventive measures.
- Employees and others following our procedures, control measures and Safe Systems of Work.
- Regular review of existing risk assessments and identifying the need for additional assessments.
- Providing and recording relevant training.
- Routinely reviewing the operation of our systems.

The personnel responsible for the above measures are identified within the Responsibility Table of our Health and Safety Policy.

We use the experience from operating these arrangements to make improvements to our safety, health and welfare management system.

Safety Arrangement 1-6

RISK ASSESSMENT AND HAZARD REPORTING

Action Plan

For our risk assessment process to be sufficiently robust to protect the health, safety and welfare of our employees and those affected by our work activity we need to:

1. Nominate a senior manager to take responsibility for identifying hazards and managing and coordinating risk assessment.
2. Appoint and train sufficient numbers of staff in the process of risk assessment.
3. Systematically identify the hazards to which our workforce and others are exposed.
4. Provide a means for the workforce to identify and report hazards or potential hazards to their managers.
5. Consider the risks from those hazards, however recognised, identifying people at risk. 6. Evaluate the risks and decide if further precautions are required.
7. In significant cases, record our findings.
8. Implement those findings.
9. Involve Managers and workers in identifying hazards and carrying out risk assessments.
10. Explain the results of risk assessments to any affected staff and detail any new precautions or systems of work they need to follow.
11. Review risk assessments on a regular basis, commensurate to the risk.
12. Review our arrangements from time to time to ensure that they are fully understood and operating correctly.

For information and advice see;

Guidance Note 1-6 – Hazard Reporting.

Guidance Note 1-10 – Risk Assessment.

Safety Arrangement 1-7

OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH and HEALTH SURVEILLANCE

We have a duty to ensure the health and wellbeing of our employees who may be affected by the incidence of ill health arising from their work activities. We shall implement systematic, regular and appropriate procedures to detect early signs of work-related ill health among employees exposed to certain health risks; and acting on the results.

We do this by:

- Nominating senior staff members to coordinate and manage health surveillance screening programmes.
- Developing and implementing strategies, procedures etc.
- Ensuring that the development of the strategies and procedures relating to health surveillance are undertaken by competent, trained personnel.
- Ensuring that Managers, employees and others follow our procedures and rules.
- Providing and recording relevant training.
- Recording Health Surveillance.
- Monitoring and reviewing our systems; using our experience of operating these arrangements we aim to make improvements to the way we coordinate health surveillance.

The personnel responsible for the above measures are identified within the Responsibility Table of our Health and Safety Policy.

Safety Arrangement 1-7

OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH and HEALTH SURVEILLANCE

Action Plan

To set up a health surveillance system we need to:

1. Consider our activities and identify where and when workers may be exposed to health risks.
2. Risk assess that work, identifying if any exposure is above the limit value or the action value set by law.
3. Where exposure is above the exposure limit take immediate steps to reduce exposure to below the limit value.
4. Consider issues including:
 - a. Are any groups or individual workers at particular risk?
 - b. Health Surveillance is normally required for exposure to
 - i. Chemical hazards - dusts, fumes, solvents, liquids or gases.
 - ii. Biological hazards - bacteria, viruses, animals, plants and food stuff.
 - iii. Physical hazards - musculoskeletal injuries, noise, vibration, extreme heat and cold.
 - iv. Stress - excessive workloads and tasks which affect their emotions.
 - v. Asbestos, lead, work in compressed air.
 - c. What is the level of surveillance required?
 - i. A 'responsible person' looking for a clear reaction where someone is working with something that could harm their health, e.g. for dermatitis, checking for skin damage on hands where solvents are being used.
 - ii. A 'qualified' person asking employees about symptoms of ill health or inspecting or examining individuals for signs of ill health, e.g. conducting a hearing test, or a lung function test.
 - iii. Medical surveillance by a doctor, which can include clinical examinations to look for a reaction from exposure to some chemicals.
 - d. Keeping confidential individual health records where required
 - e. Are baseline health assessments required when a person takes up or changes job?
5. Explain these arrangements to our workforce. Ensure they are understood.
6. Provide training where required and information for staff nominated with responsibility.
7. Implement the procedure and ensure that it is followed in practice.
8. Report cases of whole body vibration which result in a worker being unfit for work and which are confirmed by a medical practitioner to the Enforcing Authority.
9. Monitor and review the operation of this procedure from time to time making changes identified as necessary.

Information and advice on health surveillance can be found in Guidance Note 1-7. See also Guidance Notes in the series 5-xx for advice on specific occupational health and health surveillance issues.

Safety Arrangement 1-8

SUBSTANCE and ALCOHOL ABUSE

We have a duty to protect the safety, health and welfare of our employees and others from the hazards that may arise as a result of workers abusing alcohol and other substances.

We do this by:

- Nominating senior staff members to coordinate and manage our substance and alcohol abuse policies and provision.
- Developing and implementing strategies, policies and procedures.
- Providing competent accredited trained personnel to provide support and counselling services.
- Employees and others adhering to the contents of our procedures and policies.
- Providing and recording relevant training
- Monitoring and reviewing our systems; using our experience of operating these arrangements we aim to make improvements to the way we manage the risks from substance abuse.

The personnel responsible for the above measures are identified within the Responsibility Table of our Health and Safety Policy.

Safety Arrangement 1-8

SUBSTANCE and ALCOHOL ABUSE

Action Plan

To protect workers and others from the risks of working with people who abuse substances and alcohol we need to:

1. Develop a policy for dealing with workers whose abuse of substances and alcohol put other people at work at risk.
2. Consider:
 - a. The problem should be treated as an illness.
 - b. The problem can be successfully treated.
 - c. Disciplinary action is a last resort.
 - d. Sufferers may find it difficult to admit to a problem.
 - e. It is easier to take action in the early stages of the condition.
 - f. Staff should be able to identify early signs of problems.
 - g. Advice is available from many organisations including local Health Authorities.
- 3.

Develop a policy and procedure based on these considerations.

4. Explain these arrangements to our workforce. Ensure they are understood.
5. Provide training and information, where required, for staff nominated with responsibility so that they are able to identify workers with substance abuse problems.
6. Implement the procedure, identify who is to provide support and counselling services and ensure that it is followed in practice.
7. Ensure that staff, particularly Managers and Supervisors, remains aware of our procedure although we hope and expect it will not be required in practice.
8. Monitor and review the operation of this procedure whenever it has been used, making changes identified as necessary or beneficial.

Information and advice on this subject can be found in our Guidance Note 1-8 - Substance and Alcohol Abuse.

Safety Statement 1-9

PURCHASING

We have a duty to ensure the safety, health and welfare of our employees and others who enter our premises and we have systems in place to protect these groups from any adverse effects of all plant, equipment, supplies and substances that we purchase to support our work activities.

Our systems consist of:

- Nominating senior staff members to identify and manage the organisation's safe purchasing requirements.
- Developing and implementing a purchasing policy, identifying the safest available options.
- Ensuring that this policy is implemented by trained and competent staff.
- Ensuring that the equipment purchased is safe, adequate and suitable for its purpose, and that safety devices and other control measures are fitted.
- Providing adequate and sufficient personal protective equipment to employees.
- Providing relevant training.
- Monitoring and reviewing our systems; using our experience of operating these arrangements we aim to make improvements to our purchasing policy.

The personnel responsible for the above measures are identified within the Responsibility Table of our Health and Safety Policy.

Safety Statement 1-9

PURCHASING

Action Plan

To ensure that we purchase work equipment and substances that are safe, so far as is reasonably practicable, when used by our workers and others we need to:

1. Identify who in our company is authorised to purchase equipment, supplies and substances. Consider whether they need specific training for certain health and safety conditions.
2. Consider where we buy equipment and substances.
3. Obtain Manufacturer's Safety Data Sheets for the substances we purchase and consider the hazard and risk data provided.
4. When buying equipment specify in purchase orders that it complies with relevant European or National Standards.
5. On receipt of new equipment, check that where relevant it bears compliance markings. 6. Involve workers in developing a procedure based on these considerations.
7. Explain these arrangements to our workforce. Ensure they are understood.
8. Provide training where required and information for staff nominated with responsibility.
9. Implement the procedure and ensure that it is followed in practice.
10. Monitor and review the operation of this procedure from time to time, making changes identified as necessary or beneficial.

Information and advice about health and safety on this subject can be found in our Guidance Note 1-9 – Purchasing.

Safety Arrangement 1-11

NEW AND EXPECTANT MOTHERS

We have a duty to protect the health of new and expectant mothers from hazards that might be present in the workplace. We also have a duty to assess the risks to women of child bearing age from our activities and inform them of any potential risks that might affect a pregnancy.

We do this by:

- Nominating senior staff members to identify and assess the hazards which pose risk to new and expectant mothers.
- Developing and implementing systems and procedures that will protect all women of child bearing age from risks to unborn children.
- Developing and implementing systems and procedures that will protect new and expectant mothers and their children from hazards and risks in our workplace or risks from the work activity.
- Considering the personal needs of each new and expectant mother.
- Ensuring that the assessments are sensitively carried out by competent, trained personnel.
- Implementing the findings of each assessment.
- New and expectant mothers and other workers following agreed procedures and control measures.
- Recording our assessments and agreed plans.
- Monitoring and reviewing our systems; using our experience of operating these arrangements we aim to make improvements to the way we manage potential risks to new and expectant mothers.

The personnel responsible for the above measures are identified within the Responsibility Table of our Health and Safety Policy.

Safety Arrangement 1-11

NEW AND EXPECTANT MOTHERS

Action Check List

To protect the health of new and expectant mothers and women of child bearing age we should:

1. Assess the risks that our business activities may have on women of child bearing age and any potential foetus.
2. Inform the workforce of those risks.
3. Reduce those risks so far as is reasonably practicable.
4. Assess the risks to any worker who notifies us that they are pregnant or are returning to work after having given birth.
5. Consider factors such as;
 - a. Substances to which they might be exposed.
 - b. The size and shape of their workstation.
 - c. Posture.
 - d. Vibrations.
 - e. Environmental factors.
 - f. Ability to stand or sit for long periods.
 - g. Night working.
 - h. Lifting and carrying.
 - i. Noise levels.
 - j. Welfare arrangements.
6. Discuss the results of the risk assessment with the worker.
7. Consider how to reduce risks.
8. Find alternative work for the worker if it is not possible to reduce risks in her current job to an acceptable level. Alternatively give her paid absence from work.
9. Implement our decisions.
10. Make sure Supervisors and other employees are aware and understand the measures to be taken.
11. Review the risk assessment as pregnancy develops or as the pregnant worker makes any concerns or problems known.

Advice and guidance on managing the health and safety of new and expectant mothers can be found in Guidance Note 1-11.

Safety Arrangement 1-12

EMPLOYING CHILDREN AND YOUNG PERSONS

When we employ children and young persons or give them work experience we have particular duties to protect their safety, health and welfare whilst at work.

We do this by:

- Nominating senior staff members to be responsible for the young people and to identify the hazards which pose risk to young persons.
- Developing and implementing young person risk assessments, procedures, Safe Systems of Work and control measures.
- Ensuring that any young person assessments are particularly thorough and undertaken by competent, trained personnel.
- Explaining these assessments to the young people and their Supervisors. ·

Ensuring that young persons are closely managed and supervised.

- Regularly inspecting the premises to identify any new processes, personnel or changes to the building's structure which would trigger the need for re-assessment.
- Employees and others adhering to the contents of procedures, control measures and Safe Systems of Work.
- Providing and recording relevant training.
- Monitoring and reviewing our systems; using our experience of operating these arrangements we aim to make improvements to the way we manage the risks to young people whilst they are working for us.

The personnel responsible for the above measures are identified within the Responsibility Table of our Health and Safety Policy.

Safety Arrangement 1-12

EMPLOYING CHILDREN AND YOUNG PERSONS

Action Plan

To protect children and young people who work for us or with us on work experience schemes we need to:

1. Appoint a Manager to oversee the employment of children and young persons.
2. Assess the risks to children and young persons from our activities and the work we give them to do.
3. Consider;
 - a. The jobs they do.
 - b. The substances that they might come into contact with.
 - c. Machinery and equipment they might be asked to use.
 - d. Their lack of experience.
 - e. Their lack of appreciation of industrial risks.
 - f. Their attention span.
 - g. Their immaturity.
 - h. Exposure to toxic, carcinogenic, mutagenic and tetragenic substances.
 - i. Physical and environmental hazards.
 - j. Close supervision is required.
 - k. Are their hours of work within the legal limits?
 - l. Is health surveillance required? If yes at what level?
4. Develop arrangements and procedures based on these considerations – involve the workforce.
5. Explain these arrangements and procedures to the young workers and their parents.
6. Explain the arrangements to our workforce. Ensure they are understood, especially by those who will be working alongside the young workers and provide further training where necessary.
7. Keep a written record of the risk assessment, the control measures and systems of work adopted. Record details of training given.
8. Make sure that Managers and Supervisors understand the procedures and arrangements. Consider whether they need any training.
9. Implement the arrangements and procedures and ensure they are followed in practice.
 10. Monitor and review the operation of this procedure from time to time and after any incident causing injury or with the potential to cause injury to a young worker.
11. Make any changes to our procedures and arrangements identified as necessary.

Guidance on the employment of children and young workers, including a template for young worker risk assessments, can be found in Guidance Note 1-12.

Safety Arrangement 1-13

LONE WORKING

Our company has a duty to ensure the safety, health and welfare of our workforce whilst at work. That duty extends to employees who travel during the course of their work and those who work away from our core premises.

We do this by:

- Nominating senior staff members to consider the health, safety and welfare of lone workers.
 - Identifying situations where lone working is required which affect our employees.
- Making an assessment of the risks to members of our workforce who are or may become lone workers.
- Developing and implementing control measures and procedures to ensure their health and safety whilst at work.
- Providing sufficient funding support to enable the development and implementation of procedures, risk assessments and control measures.
- Ensuring that procedures and control measures are in place for lone working situations.
 - Ensuring that identified equipment needs are met and training on their use is given.
- Ensuring that the content of the procedures and risk assessments are made available to all staff.
- Providing and recording training.
- Monitoring and reviewing our systems; using our experience of operating these arrangements we aim to make improvements to the way we manage the risks from lone working.

The personnel responsible for the above measures are identified within the Responsibility Table of our Health and Safety Policy.

Safety Arrangement 1-13

LONE WORKING

Action Plan

To protect the health, safety and welfare of our workers who work alone, whether it is because they are a mobile worker, because they work away from our core operating site or for other reasons, we need to:

1. Identify who among our workforce is or is potentially a lone worker. 2. Assess the risks to those identified as lone workers.
3. Identify the control measures already in place and any additional measures that may be required.
4. Consider, as part of our assessment, issues such as;
 - a. Where they work.
 - b. Are they at risk because they handle cash?
 - c. Are they at risk because they are working at a remote or hazardous location?
 - d. Are they at greater risk because they are working abroad?
 - e. Are they at greater risk in the winter months?
 - f. Are they at risk from a violent client or a member of the client's family?
 - g. Are they likely to cut corners because they are not under direct supervision?
 - h. Are they at risk because of health issues?
 - i. Are they at risk because a significant part of their day is spent driving?
 - j. Are they at risk because they work exceptional hours?
 - k. Are they at risk because they do not have access to welfare or first aid facilities?
 - l. Mobile phone signals.
5. Keep a written record of significant risk assessments and the control measures and systems of work adopted.
6. Make sure that Managers and Supervisors understand the procedures and arrangements. Consider whether they need any training.
7. Explain our system and arrangements to the workforce. Ensure they are understood and provide further training where necessary.
8. Implement the procedure and ensure that it is followed in practice.
9. Monitor and review the operation of this procedure from time to time and whenever an employee reports an accident or case of ill health attributable to working alone, make changes to the procedure identified as necessary or beneficial.

Advice on managing the risks from lone working can be found in Guidance Note 1-13 and in Guidance Note 1-24 where people are working abroad.

Safety Arrangement 1-14

HEALTH AND SAFETY TRAINING

We have a duty to protect the health, safety and welfare of our employees whilst they are at

work and others who might be affected by our work activities. Among other specific arrangements we need to be sure that our workforce is trained to recognise hazards and risks and what they need to do to eliminate, reduce and avoid risk.

We do this by:

- Nominating senior staff members to manage Health and Safety training.
- Making an assessment of the risks to our workforce and others from an inadequately trained workforce.
 - Developing and implementing training policies, programmes and arrangements.
- Ensuring that the management of the policy, programmes and arrangements are undertaken by competent, trained personnel.
- Managing our activities to ensure that employees are adequately trained for the variety of tasks which they may be required to do.
- Providing and recording relevant training.
- Monitoring and reviewing our systems; using our experience of operating these arrangements we aim to make improvements to the way we manage our Health and Safety training programmes.

The personnel responsible for above measures are identified within the Responsibility Table of our Health and Safety Policy.

Safety Arrangement 1-14

HEALTH AND SAFETY TRAINING

Action Check List

In developing and implementing training policies, programmes and arrangements we need to:

1. Assess our work activity to identify where and when workers or the public may be exposed to hazards and risks.
2. Where we identify hazards we need to consider the associated risks and the ability of staff to control them and then to identify whether their knowledge of and training about control measures is adequate.
3. Identify any jobs that require workers to have received specific health and safety training.
4. Identify the systems already in place to provide training and any additional measures that may be required.
5. Consider procedures and practices including ;
 - a. Plant and machinery.
 - b. Chemical and chemical processes.
 - c. Works transport.
 - d. Working at height.
 - e. Lifting machines and equipment.
 - f. Electrical safety.
 - g. Mundane work.
 - h. Occasional work activities.
 - i. Training needs analyses for individuals.
6. Involve the workforce in making these assessments of our needs.
7. Develop procedures, programmes and practices tailored to our workplace.
8. Explain these arrangements to the workforce, their Supervisors and Managers. Ensure they are understood and provide further training where necessary.
9. Implement the procedures and ensure that they are followed in practice.
10. Monitor and review the operation of the procedures from time to time making changes identified as necessary or beneficial.

Advice and guidance on the control of Health and Safety Training can be found in Guidance Note 1-14.

Safety Arrangement 1-15

HEALTH AND SAFETY OF VISITORS

We have a duty to ensure the health and safety of members of the public who come into our workplace.

We do this by:

- Nominating senior staff members to identify and risk assess the workplace hazards which pose risk to visitors.
- Making an assessment of the risks to visitors.
- Providing a visitors' book to track visitors present in our premises.
- Developing visitor procedures and control measures.
- Implementing visitor procedures and control measures.
 - Ensuring that risk assessments are undertaken by competent, trained personnel.
- Regularly inspecting the premises to identify any new processes, personnel or changes to the building's structure that could pose new risk to visitors.
- Ensuring employees and others adhere to the contents of procedures, control measures and Safe Systems of Work.
- Providing relevant information and training.
- Monitoring and reviewing our systems; using our experience of operating these arrangements we aim to make improvements to the way we manage the risks to visitors.

Safety Arrangement 1-15

HEALTH AND SAFETY OF VISITORS

Action Plan

To protect visitors to our workplace we need to:

1. Assess our work activity to identify where and when the public may be exposed to hazard and risk.
2. Identify risks that visitors might face when at our workplace.
3. Where risks to the health and safety of visitors are identified or reported, assess those risks to identify where control measures are required.
4. Identify any control measures already in place and any additional measures that may be required.
5. Consider among other issues;
 - a. Where visitors go, when they go there, why they go there and what they do when they get there.
 - b. Floor coverings
 - c. Slippery floors
 - d. Chemical hazards
 - e. Electrical hazards
 - f. Condition of stairs etc
 - g. Machinery hazards.
 - h. Workplace transport.
6. Involve the workforce in making these assessments; use their experience.
7. Develop procedures, programmes and practices for ensuring visitor safety that are tailored to our workplace.
8. Explain these arrangements to the workforce, their Supervisors and Managers. Ensure they are understood and provide further training where necessary.
9. Implement the procedure and ensure that it is followed in practice.
10. Monitor and review the operation of this procedure from time to time and whenever a visitor suffers a work related injury, making changes to the procedure identified as necessary or beneficial.

Further advice and guidance on the Health and Safety of visitors can be found in Guidance Note 1-15.

Safety Arrangement 1-17

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Where the protection of the health, safety and welfare of our workforce and others who may be affected by our work activity can only be achieved by the issue of personal protective equipment we have a duty to provide such equipment as is necessary.

We do this by:

- Nominating senior staff members to coordinate the management of work related health and safety issues.
- Reviewing our arrangements and procedures for the management of hazards and risk to identify where existing controls are not sufficient to protect workers or others from the risk of ill health.
- Identifying where personal protective equipment (PPE) is required to reduce risk to an acceptable level or provide further protection.
- Assessing the suitability and adequacy of the PPE supplied for use.
- Explaining the need for and the correct use of PPE to the workforce.
- Making sure that Managers and Supervisors know why and when PPE is required.
- Managers and Supervisors ensuring employees and others wear PPE in designated areas.
- Providing facilities for storage, cleaning, maintenance and replacement of PPE.
- Providing and recording relevant training.
- Monitoring and reviewing the policy and procedures; using our experience of operating these arrangements we aim to continuously improve and reduce the incidence of work related ill health.

The personnel responsible for monitoring and implementing the use and issue of personal protective equipment are identified within the Responsibility Table of our Health and Safety Policy.

Safety Arrangement 1-17

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Action Plan

To protect the health, safety and welfare of our workforce and others who may be affected by our work activity by the issue of personal protective equipment we need to:

1. Assess our work activities to identify where and when workers or others may be exposed to risks to health that are not adequately controlled at source.
2. Where risks are identified - carry out an assessment of the risks to our workers and others.
3. Involve the workforce in these assessments.
4. Identify the control measures already in place and any additional measures that may be required before the use of PPE is adopted. Refer to manufacturers' guidance, trade guidance and British, European or Irish Standards etc.
5. Remember that the issue of PPE should only be considered when we are unable to control the hazard and risk by other reasonably practicable means.
6. Consider among other issues;
 - a. Elimination of the hazard.
 - b. Control of the hazard, extraction, dilution, dampening etc.
 - c. Adequacy of PPE.
 - d. Fitting of PPE to the individual user.
 - e. Storage facilities.
 - f. Arrangements for cleaning, repair and replacement.
 - g. Training for correct use, cleaning etc. Supervisors and users.
 - h. Supervising use.
 - i. Signs for areas where the use of PPE is required.
 - j. Records of training, issue and replacement.
7. Develop procedures, programmes and practices tailored to our workplace.
8. Make sure that Managers and Supervisors understand the procedures and arrangements. Consider whether they need any training.
9. Explain these arrangements to the workforce. Ensure they are understood and provide further training where necessary.
10. Implement the procedure and ensure that it is followed in practice.
11. Monitor and review the operation of this procedure from time to time and following any incident, injury or case of ill health caused by inadequate or failure to use PPE, making changes to the procedure identified as necessary or beneficial.

Information and advice on the issue and use of PPE can be found in Guidance Note 1-17.

Safety Arrangement 1-18

HOME WORKING

We have a duty to protect our employees from the hazards and risks which may arise when employees work from home.

We do this by:

- Nominating senior staff members to manage and reduce the risks posed from home working.
- Making an assessment of the risks arising from home working to our workforce and others.
- Developing and implementing control measures, policies and Safe Systems of Work.
- Ensuring that the policy, procedures, Safe Systems of Work and control measures relating to home working are managed by competent, trained personnel.
 - Managing our activities to ensure that employees and others use the control measures provided and follow our policies, procedures and Safe Systems of Work.
- Providing and recording relevant training.
- Monitoring and reviewing our systems; using our experience of operating these arrangements we aim to make improvements to the way we manage the risks posed from home working.

The personnel responsible for the above measures are identified within the Responsibility Table of our Health and Safety Policy.

Safety Arrangement 1-18

HOME WORKING

Action Plan

To protect workers from the risks associated with home working we need to:

1. When potential homeworkers are identified, assess the suitability of their job and home for 'home working' using 'Form HWVC'.
2. Consider:
 - a. If the designated home working area is clear from obstructions and tripping hazards.
 - b. If the equipment (chair, desk, keyboard) is suitable for the user and their activities.
 - c. If equipment is ergonomically sound for the particular worker.
 - d. If sufficient storage facilities are available.
 - e. If lighting is adequate in the working area.
 - f. Is the temperature in the work area comfortable?
 - g. Is the area well ventilated?
 - h. Are all cables and plugs in use in good repair and visually acceptable?
 - i. Are all items of electrical equipment in good repair and working correctly?
 - j. Has the home worker had basic manual handling and ergonomics training?
 - k. First Aid arrangements.
 - l. Smoke alarms, fire fighting equipment and emergency escape plans.
3. Ensure workers have an area in the home designated strictly to their work to help them separate their working area from their leisure activities and home life.
4. Provide suitable IT equipment, some laptop and portable computers may not be suitable for home use.
5. Make sure homeworkers are properly managed.
6. Encourage home workers to report all accidents/incidents whilst working from home to their Supervisor as soon as practicable. Supervisors should ensure that the accident and incident report form is completed.
7. Ensure records of risk assessments, workplace inspections, remedial actions taken, training provided and scheduled communications are kept for a minimum of 3 years.

Information and advice on the health and safety of home workers is available in Guidance Note 1-18.

Safety Arrangement 1-19

EMPLOYING AGENCY AND TEMPORARY STAFF

We have a duty to ensure the health, safety and welfare of agency and temporary staff who are employed on our premises.

We do this by:

- Nominating senior staff members to liaise with recruitment agencies and coordinate the selection process of suitable, competent agency staff and temps.
- Identifying any specific risks to these temporary or agency staff whilst they are employed on our premises.
- Developing and implementing procedures and control measures necessary to protect the health and safety of temporary and agency to effectively control the risk posed.
- Assessing the abilities and health and safety of agency or temporary staff at work in the job for which we employ them.
- Ensuring that any assessment of these people is carried out by competent, trained personnel.
- Ensuring that all workers including the agency or temporary workers are aware of the procedures and measures in the event of an emergency.
- Ensuring that agency staff and temporary workers comply with our specific company rules.
- Monitoring and reviewing our systems; using our experience of operating these arrangements we aim to make improvements to the way we manage the risks to agency and temporary workers.

The personnel responsible for the above measures are identified within the Responsibility Table of our Health and Safety Policy.

Safety Arrangement 1-19

EMPLOYING AGENCY AND TEMPORARY STAFF

Action Plan

To protect the health, safety and welfare of agency and temporary staff which we employ we need to:

1. Liaise with the agency and set out our specific requirements including the nature of work for which agency workers are required and any specific training requirements or qualifications for agency workers.
2. Assess our work activity to identify where and when agency or temporary workers may be at risk.
3. Where risks are identified make an assessment of those risks identifying control measures that should be in place.
4. Identify the control measures already in place and the additional measures that may be required.
5. Consider among other issues;
 - a. detailed job descriptions for the employment agencies.
 - b. skill levels required.
 - c. language issues.
 - d. cultural differences.
 - e. training (job specific and induction)
 - f. supervision.
 - g. provision of personal protective equipment
6. Involve the workforce in making these assessments.
7. Develop procedures, programmes and practices tailored to our workplace.
8. Explain these arrangements to the workforce, their Supervisors and Managers. Ensure they are understood and provide further training where necessary.
9. Implement the procedure and ensure that it is followed in practice.
10. Monitor and review the operation of this procedure from time to time and whenever an agency or temporary worker suffers injury or work related ill-health, making changes to the procedure identified as necessary or beneficial.

Advice and guidance on the health and safety at work of agency and temporary staff can be found in Guidance Note 1-16.

Safety Arrangement 1-20

SAFE SYSTEMS OF WORK

We have a duty to ensure our workforce are provided with clear instructions and training when undertaking potentially hazardous tasks that pose significant risks.

We do this by:

- Nominating senior staff members to oversee and implement Safe Systems of Work.
- Identifying where Safe Systems of Work are required.
- Developing Safe Systems of Work to effectively control the work activities within our work premises.
- Communicating the Safe Systems of Work to applicable employees.
- Ensuring that Safe Systems of Work are created by competent, trained personnel.
- Providing training on the Safe System to the workforce.
- Regular checks to ensure that the Systems are being followed.
- Reviewing our systems.

The personnel responsible for the above measures are identified within the Responsibility Table of our Health and Safety Policy.

We use the experience from operating these arrangements to make improvements to our safety, health and welfare management system.

Safety Arrangement 1-20

SAFE SYSTEMS OF WORK

Action Plan

To ensure that adequate Safe Systems of Work are in place for employees to follow we need to:

1. Appoint and train sufficient numbers of staff in the creation of the Safe System of Work.
2. Systematically identify the areas where a Safe System of Work may be required. 3. Assess the task and identify the hazards.
4. Define the safe method of undertaking the task.
5. Document the Safe System of Work and ideally display it at the work site where the work takes place.
6. Implement the System and ensure employees understand it. Provide training where necessary.
7. When developing and implementing Safe Systems of Work we should involve Managers and workers in the task being assessed.
8. Review Safe Systems of Work on a regular basis or when situations change.

Advice and guidance on Safe Systems of Work can be found in our Guidance Note 1-20 – Safe Systems of Work.

Safety Arrangement 1-21

ACTION ON ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY REPORTS

We recognise the benefits that will accrue from early action following receipt of reports from the Enforcement Authority in regard to health safety and welfare issues. To obtain these benefits we have recognised the need for an effective management system and have taken steps to be able to action such reports.

We have done this by:

- Nominating an individual member of the senior management who will coordinate actions required to meet the requirements of Enforcement Authorities.
- Providing adequate resources either financial or human to be able to meet the requirements of the Enforcing Authority.
- Routinely reviewing the operation of our reporting system.
- Having access to competent health and safety advice.

The person nominated with responsibility for overseeing this organisation's arrangements for compliance with Enforcing Authority requirements is identified within the Responsibility Table of our Health and Safety Policy.

Safety Arrangement 1-21

ACTION ON ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY REPORTS

Action Plan

In order to meet our legal obligations to provide adequate health and safety information to employees we need to:

1. Identify a person who will coordinate actions required to meet the requirements of Enforcement Authorities.
2. Ensure that the responsible person understands their duties and responsibilities. 3. Provide adequate training for that person.
4. Give that person the authority required and the resource necessary for them to fulfil their role.
5. Ensure that our workers are aware of the need to make concerns about health and safety known and report accidents, incidents and cases of work-related ill health to their Managers.
6. Review our arrangements from time to time to ensure that they are fully understood and are operating correctly.

Advice and guidance on this subject can be found in our Guidance Note 1-21 Action On Enforcement Authority Reports.

Safety Arrangement 1-22

EQUALITY, DISABILITY DISCRIMINATION AND COMPLIANCE

We recognise the benefits that will accrue from planned and carefully considered arrangements in regard to the equal treatment of all people and health, safety and welfare issues. To obtain these benefits we have recognised the need for an effective management system and have taken steps to be able to successfully manage disability in the workplace.

We have done this by:

- Nominating an individual member of the senior management who will coordinate actions required to meet the requirements of disadvantaged and vulnerable persons
- Providing adequate resources either financial or human to be able to reasonable adjustments to our workplace(s)
- Allowing employees to nominate safety representatives who will coordinate issues arising from their colleagues in respect of health, safety and welfare.
- Providing adequate resources
- Providing such health and safety information, instruction, and training for all workers as is necessary for them to be able to work without risk to their health or safety or welfare so far as is reasonably practicable.
- Recording and analysing all reportable accidents, minor accidents, near miss incidents and dangerous occurrences.
- Providing and recording relevant training
- Routinely reviewing the operation of our reporting system.
- Having access to competent health and safety advice.

The person nominated with responsibility for overseeing this organisation's arrangements for compliance with statutory requirements in this respect is identified within the Responsibility Table of our Health and Safety Policy.

Safety Arrangement 1-22

EQUALITY, DISABILITY DISCRIMINATION AND COMPLIANCE

Action Plan

In order to meet our legal obligations to avoid disability discrimination to employees we need to:

1. Identify a person who will coordinate actions required to meet the requirements of legislation that requires us to treat all people equally.
2. Ensure that the responsible person understands their duties and responsibilities. 3. Provide adequate training for that person.
4. Give that person the authority required and the resource necessary for them to fulfil their role.
5. Review our arrangements from time to time to ensure that they are fully understood and are operating correctly.

Advice and guidance on this subject can be found in our Guidance Note 1–22, Equality, Disability Discrimination and Compliance

Safety Arrangement 1-23

HEALTH AND SAFETY INFORMATION FOR EMPLOYEES

We recognise the benefits that will accrue from the provision of effective information regarding health safety and welfare activities to our employees. To obtain these benefits we have recognised the need for an effective management system and have taken steps to provide adequate information to employees and others.

We have done this by:

- Allowing employees to nominate safety representatives who will coordinate issues arising from their colleagues in respect of health, safety and welfare.
- Providing adequate resources
- Providing such health and safety information, instruction, and training for all workers as is necessary for them to be able to work without risk to their health or safety or welfare so far as is reasonably practicable.
- Recording and analysing all reportable accidents, minor accidents, near miss incidents and dangerous occurrences.
- Providing and recording relevant training
- Routinely reviewing the operation of our reporting system.
- Having access to competent health and safety advice.

The person nominated with responsibility for overseeing this organisation's arrangements for provision of information to employees is identified within the Responsibility Table of our Health and Safety Policy.

Safety Arrangement 1-23

HEALTH AND SAFETY INFORMATION FOR EMPLOYEES

Action Plan

In order to meet our legal obligations to provide adequate health and safety information to employees we need to:

1. Identify a person to take responsibility for ensuring that adequate information is provided to employees.
2. Ensure that the responsible person understands their duties and responsibilities. 3. Provide adequate training for that person.
4. Give that person the authority required and the resource necessary for them to fulfil their role.
5. Identify the most effective methods by which information will be circulated to the employees.
6. Display the required health and safety 'What you should know' poster and complete the information on the poster.
7. Provide information to our employees in regard to their responsibilities and essential safety rules.
8. Explain to our workers, supervisors and managers the nature of our arrangements for managing health, safety and welfare.
9. Ensure that our workers are aware of the need to make concerns about health and safety known and report accidents, incidents and cases of work-related ill health to their Managers.
10. Review our arrangements from time to time to ensure that they are fully understood and are operating correctly.

Advice and guidance on this subject can be found in our Guidance Note 1-23 Health and Safety Information for Employees.

Safety Arrangement 2-1

FIRE SAFETY – ARRANGEMENTS AND PROCEDURES

We have a legal duty to implement and maintain a fire safety programme, for assessing and controlling the risks from an outbreak of fire and for the provision of fire warnings, fire fighting equipment, emergency lighting, emergency signs, adequate means of escape and evacuation procedures. We have put in place arrangements to meet these responsibilities and to identify and reduce the risks associated with fire and emergency situations.

Our arrangements consist of:

- Nominating a 'responsible person' to coordinate fire and emergency arrangements and take responsibility for the completion and regular review of a Fire Risk assessment.
 - Identifying fire risks and potential emergency situations and who may be affected.
- Assessing the level of risk and recording the information in the Fire Risk Assessment and emergency plan
- Implementing procedures and control measures to mitigate the risks posed.
- Liaising with the emergency services, informing them of any workplace or process hazards that have the potential to create fire or emergency situations.
- Developing Safe Systems of Work to reduce the potential incidence of fire and emergency situations.
- Adequate provision of tested and inspected fire fighting and warning equipment.
- Practicing and recording fire evacuation procedures.
- Delivering training on the emergency plan, the Fire Risk Assessment and on the use of any fire fighting equipment provided.
- Reviewing our system.

The personnel responsible for fire and emergency arrangements are identified within the Responsibility Table of our Health and Safety Policy.

We use the experience of operating these systems to make improvements to our safety, health and welfare management system.

Safety Arrangement 2-1

FIRE SAFETY - ARRANGEMENTS AND PROCEDURES

Action Plan

To protect workers and others from the risk of fire we need to develop a comprehensive fire safety programme. We need to:

1. Nominate and train a person to be our competent and Responsible Person for fire safety matters.
2. Prepare and maintain an up to date fire risk assessment in respect of our premises and processes. If we have hazards which make our premises high fire risk we will need to get assistance from experts.
3. Provide and maintain (record details) sufficient and suitable fire alarm systems, means of escape, fire fighting equipment, emergency lighting and emergency signs.
4. Develop procedures for the safe and speedy evacuation to a place of relative safety of workers and others in the event of a fire or other emergency.
5. Where appropriate consult with the Fire Service in making these provisions and in developing our site specific arrangements and procedures.
6. Consider;
 - a. Fire prevention. Storage of flammables, waste disposal, open flames etc.
 - b. Potential sources of ignition including use of flammable substances and process related fire hazards.
 - c. Maintenance of fire alarms, smoke detectors, automatic door closers.
 - d. Maintenance of fire doors and escape routes.
 - e. Emergency procedures – fire wardens, fire and evacuation drills and safe assembly points. i. Maintenance of fire extinguishers and fire fighting equipment.
 - f. Liaison with fire service and assisting the fire service in the event of a fire. g. Providing and maintaining fire safety signs and notices.
 - i. Record keeping.
 - h. Safe means of shutting down electric, gas and fuel supplies.
7. Always purchase robust equipment suitable for our intended use.
8. Explain the Fire Safety Programme, Arrangements and Procedures to our Managers, Supervisors, workforce and any other people who need to know what they are; landlords, neighbours, visitors, residents etc. Ensure they are understood.
9. Provide training where required and information for staff nominated with responsibilities. 10. Implement the Programme and ensure that it is followed in practice.
11. Carry out fire alarm and evacuation drills to check that the Programme works in practice. 12. Monitor and review the operation of all aspects of the Fire Safety Programme at least twice a year and whenever a fire related incident happens, making changes to the fire risk assessment, arrangements and procedures identified as necessary or beneficial.

Advice and guidance on the development of a Fire Safety Programme can be found in the fire safety section of the health and safety management system.

Safety Arrangement 3-1

FIRST AID

We have a duty to provide suitable first aid arrangements for our staff whilst at work and visitors who may be affected by our activities. We have taken steps to provide first aid arrangements that meet this requirement.

We do this by:

- Nominating a Senior Manager to identify our needs and ensure continuing arrangements for first aid provision.
- Assessing the reasonable level of first aid provision required for our business at our workplace and for travelling staff.
- Recruiting sufficient members of staff to undertake first aid training as a first aider or appointed person, as appropriate.
 - Arranging approved training for those people and keeping records of their training.
- Providing adequate numbers of trained personnel to be available at all times during business hours.
- Providing and maintaining sufficient quantities of first aid equipment and consumables.
- Displaying names and locations of first aid trained personnel or appointed persons in prominent positions throughout the premises.
- Routinely reviewing our first aid arrangements for suitability and ensuring that where we have trained first aiders qualifications are up to date. **Safety Arrangement 3-1**

FIRST AID

Action Plan

To ensure that we meet our obligations to provide suitable first aid arrangements for our staff whilst at work and visitors who may be affected by our activities we need to take the following action;

1. Assess our business activity to identify the level of first aid provision that will be necessary.
2. Consider issues including;
 - a. The likely severity of foreseeable work-related accidents.
 - b. The number of people likely to be in the workplace.
 - c. The nature of health and safety risks at the workplace.
 - d. The location and accessibility of the workplace.
 - e. Whether the need is for trained first aiders or appointed persons.
3. Keep a written record of our assessment and conclusions.
4. Explain our assessment and conclusions to our workforce.
5. Identify workers to be trained and take responsibility for administering first aid. 6. Provide approved training for appointed first aiders.
7. Keep records of this training and ensure qualifications are kept up to date.
8. Make sure our arrangements are understood and the responsible people known to all workers, Supervisors and Managers.

9. Provide suitable facilities and consumables for delivering first aid at our workplace.
10. Monitor and review from time to time the operation of this procedure in the light of experience making changes to our system identified as necessary or beneficial.

Information and advice on First Aid provision can be found in our Guidance Note 3-1 – First Aid.

Safety Arrangement 3-2

WELFARE, STAFF AMENITIES, REST ROOMS and the WORKING ENVIRONMENT

We are obliged to make and maintain arrangements for welfare and the provision of a safe and healthy working environment for our workforce whilst they are at work. This includes a duty to provide restrooms where work is arduous or conducted in a hostile environment and for the welfare of new and expectant mothers.

We do this by:

- Nominating senior staff members to oversee our provision and maintenance of welfare facilities and a safe working environment.
- Maintaining our workplace including buildings and fixtures in good order and according to required standards.
- Providing welfare facilities that are fit for purpose and include adequate hot, cold and drinking water, sanitary conveniences, hand washing facilities, facilities for meal breaks, sufficient light, heat and ventilation.
- Implementing housekeeping, cleaning and maintenance regimes.
- Providing and recording relevant instruction and training.
- Regular monitoring and review of our arrangements and facilities to ensure that they remain sufficient and are adequately maintained.

The personnel responsible for these measures are identified within the Responsibility Table of our Health and Safety Policy.

Safety Arrangement 3-2

WELFARE, STAFF AMENITIES, REST ROOMS and the WORKING ENVIRONMENT

Action Plan

To ensure that we make the proper and necessary arrangements for welfare and to provide a safe working environment for our workforce we need to:

1. Consider the arrangements we have in place to provide for the welfare of our workforce whilst at work and to provide a safe working environment.
2. Assess the specific welfare arrangements, including rest rooms and catering areas that we have provided against both minimum legal requirements and what might reasonably be expected by law; particularly where work may be arduous or in a hostile environment.
3. Consider among other relevant issues;
 - a. our worksite, the condition of the buildings;
 - b. temperature, ventilation and lighting in the workplace;
 - c. the use of chemical, biological and radiological substances;
 - d. the condition of floors, walls and ceilings;
 - e. traffic routes;
 - f. sanitary and washing facilities;
 - g. clothing accommodation, changing rooms and rest rooms;
 - h. drinking water and the means for making hot drinks and heating food; i. workers in isolated locations;
 - j. the needs of nursing and expectant mothers;
 - k. the heating and cleaning of rest rooms and welfare facilities.
4. Involve workers in these considerations and in the development and maintenance of facilities and arrangements based on these considerations.
5. Keep a written record of significant assessments, actions identified and taken.
6. Provide information and any necessary training to employees, Managers and any staff nominated with responsibility to ensure that our arrangements and provisions are understood.
7. Monitor welfare arrangements and facilities to ensure that they remain sufficient, are maintained in a good clean condition and are fit for purpose.

For information and advice, please see;

Guidance Note 3-2, Welfare and the Working Environment.

Guidance Note 3-8, Staff Amenities and Rest Rooms.

Guidance Note 1-11, New and Expectant Mothers.

Safety Arrangement 3-3

HOUSEKEEPING and CLEANING

We have a duty to ensure the safety, health and welfare of our employees and others who enter our premises by keeping it in a clean, tidy and sanitary condition.

We do this by:

- Nominating senior staff members to oversee the provision and management of housekeeping facilities and arrangements. Where necessary, making a risk assessment of the risks posed to our workforce and others from housekeeping activities.
- Developing and implementing cleaning procedures and associated safe systems of work where required.
- Ensuring that competent, trained personnel undertake the management of the policy, cleaning regimes and control measures.
- Carrying out regular housekeeping audits.
- Providing and using personal protective equipment where necessary.
- Managing our activities to ensure that employees and others use the control measures provided and follow our policies and procedures.
- Providing instruction and where necessary training which is recorded.
- Regular monitoring and review of our arrangements; to ensure that the workplace is kept clean and that our cleaning arrangements are adequate.
- Employees and others adhering to the contents of the procedures and safe systems of work.

The personnel responsible for the above measures are identified within the Responsibility Table of our Health and Safety Policy.

Safety Arrangement 3-3

HOUSEKEEPING and CLEANING

Action Check List

To ensure that we keep our workplace tidy and in a clean, sanitary condition we need to:

1. Assess all areas of the workplace and work activities to determine the cleaning requirements for each area.
2. Devise and implement cleaning plans and schedules for each area; specifying and recording them.
3. In devising these plans consider issues including;
 - a. Floors, stairs, toilets, rest and catering areas, outside paths, roadways and storage areas, etc.
 - b. The contaminant and the most appropriate method for cleaning; vacuum cleaning is better than sweeping
 - c. Dry cleaning or wet cleaning. Wet cleaning may leave slippery floors.
 - d. The source of the contaminant - can it be contained other than by cleaning? e. The frequency of and best time of day for cleaning.
 - f. Waste handling and disposal – offensive, unhygienic, infected, chemical, process etc.
 - g. Warning signs.
 - h. Hazards associated with chemical cleaners.
 - i. Cleaning around potentially hazardous equipment.
 - j. Procedures for cleaning hazardous equipment.
4. Involve the workforce in making these assessments of our needs.
 5. Explain these arrangements to the cleaning team, the workforce, their Supervisors and Managers. Ensure they are understood. Provide and record training where necessary.
6. Resource and implement the procedures ensuring that they are followed in practice. 7. Make sure Managers understand the requirements.
8. Monitor the implementation and continuing effectiveness of our procedures to ensure that our workplace is being cleaned properly and adequately.
9. Amend our systems and procedures as necessary in the light of operational experience.

Advice and information on Housekeeping can be found in Guidance Note 3-12.

Safety Arrangement 3-4

PEST CONTROL

We have a duty to protect the safety, health and welfare of our employees and others who enter our premises from the hazards and risks that arise because of pest infestations on our premises and pest control measures.

We do this by:

- Nominating senior staff members to control the incidence of pests within our work premises, to minimise the risk posed by pests.
- Identifying and implementing control measures, developing procedures and Safe Systems of Work.
- Ensuring that where relevant pest control work is undertaken by competent, trained personnel, using the correct personal protective equipment.
- Ensuring that the safest option or substance is used to control pests.
- Inspections carried out by competent accredited persons to determine the levels of pests affecting our premises ensuring that any pest control work is subject to Safe Systems of Work and suitable control measures.
- Employees and others adhering to procedures, control measures and Safe Systems of Work.
- Providing and recording relevant training.
- Monitoring and reviewing our systems; using our experience of operating these arrangements we aim to make improvements to the way we manage the risks from pest control activities.

The personnel responsible for the above measures are identified within the Responsibility Table of our Health and Safety Policy.

Safety Arrangement 3-4

PEST CONTROL

Action Check List

To protect the health, safety and welfare of our workers from the risks that arise because of pest infestations and pest control measures we need to:

1. Assess the specific hazards and risks to the health, safety and welfare of those at work from pest infestations and pest control measures
2. Consider the arrangements we have in place to protect the health, safety and welfare of those workers exposed to pest infestations and involved in pest control measures.
3. Consider among other relevant issues;
 - a. the nature of the pest problem;
 - b. hazards from the pest;
 - c. why there is a problem;
 - d. potential food sources;
 - e. potential sources of bedding/nesting material;
 - f. physical controls;
 - g. use of d-i-y pesticides;
 - h. pesticide contractors;
 - i. placement of pesticides;
4. Involve workers in developing a procedure based on these considerations.
5. Explain these arrangements to our workforce and ensure they are understood. 6.
Provide training where required.
7. Provide information and any necessary training for staff nominated with responsibility. 8.
Implement the procedure and ensure that it is followed in practice.
9. Monitor and review the operation of this procedure from time to time and after any report of a dangerous incident or a worker suffering injury or ill health at work involving pest infestations or pest control, making changes identified as necessary or beneficial.

Advice and guidance on pest control can be found in Guidance Note 3-4.

Safety Arrangement 3-5

BUILDING SERVICES

We have a duty to protect our employees and others from the risks of injury if adequate controls are not in place and maintained for basic building services such as gas, electricity, oil, telephones, clean and waste water.

We do this by:

- Nominating senior staff members to reduce the risks posed by the services.
- Making an assessment of the risks from the services to our workforce and others.
- Developing and implementing sufficient control measures to identify all of the major services in the workplace e.g. gas, electricity, water etc
- Ensuring that the management of the control measures relating to services are undertaken by competent, trained personnel.
 - Managing our activities to ensure that employees and others use the control measures provided and follow our policies, procedures and Safe Systems of Work.
- Providing and recording relevant training.
- Monitoring and reviewing our systems; using our experience of operating these arrangements we aim to make improvements to the way we manage the risks from building services.

The personnel responsible for above measures are identified within the Responsibility Table of our Health and Safety Policy.

Safety Arrangement 3-5

BUILDING SERVICES

Action Check List

To protect workers from risks posed from building services we should have:

1. Identified where and when workers or the public may be exposed to the risks from building services.
2. Identified the control measures already in place and any additional measures that may be required.
3. Considered issues including;
 - a. The identification of all major services.
 - b. A suitable and sufficient safe system of isolation.
 - c. The presentation of this information (a simple plan located alongside any emergency alarm evacuation control zone panel etc.).
 - d. Ensuring the emergency services can be made aware of this information.
 - e. Is all gas work carried out by a competent person, with membership of an approved trade association?
 - i. In Great Britain this is the Gas Safe™ Register.
 - ii. In the Republic of Ireland this is the Register of Gas Installers of Ireland (RGII) scheme.
 - iii. Elsewhere gas engineers should be registered with GasSafe™.
 - f. Is all electrical work carried out by a competent person, with membership of a recognised electrical trade association?
4. Made sure that Managers and Supervisors understand the procedures and arrangements. Considered whether they need any training.
5. Explained our system and arrangements to the workforce. Ensured they are understood and provide further training where necessary.
6. Implemented the procedure and ensure that it is followed in practice.
7. Monitored and reviewed the operation of this procedure from time to time and made changes to the procedure identified as necessary or beneficial.

Information and advice on the control of building services can be found in our Guidance Note 3-5 - Building Services.

Safety Arrangement 3-6

CONTROL OF HAZARDOUS AND NON- HAZARDOUS WASTE

We have a duty to ensure that we effectively and safely dispose of waste materials and products and control the methods of disposal used so that our workforce and any others who might be affected are not at risk to their health, safety or welfare.

We do this by:

- Nominating senior staff members to control the disposal of waste, both hazardous and non-hazardous wastes, from our work premises to minimise the risk posed.
- Assessing the risks to our workers from the handling and disposal of waste.
- Developing and implementing policies, procedures, Safe Systems of Work and control measures relevant to the control of waste including measures necessary to ensure compliance with environmental legislation.
- Ensuring that environmental recyclable waste is segregated from non-recyclable waste.
- Ensuring that waste disposal is undertaken by competent, approved personnel, using the correct personal protective equipment.
 - Ensuring that the safest means of disposal is used to protect the environment.
- Employees and others adhering to procedures, control measures and Safe Systems of Work.
- Providing and recording relevant training.
- Regular monitoring and review of our arrangements and facilities to ensure that we continue to manage and dispose of waste, hazardous and non-hazardous, without risks to health or safety.

The personnel responsible for the above measures are identified within the Responsibility Table of our Health and Safety Policy.

Safety Arrangement 3-6

CONTROL OF HAZARDOUS AND NON- HAZARDOUS WASTE

Action Plan

To ensure our workforce and any others who might be affected are not at risk to their health, safety or welfare from the way we dispose of hazardous and non hazardous waste materials and products we need to:

1. Identify where we create waste and rubbish during the course of our business.
2. Assess the hazard that the waste materials may present to people at work and others and the risks they face from it.
3. Identify hazardous and controlled wastes.
4. Consider issues relevant to our workplace including;
 - a. Whether the waste is particularly hazardous because it is a classified chemical substance.
 - b. Whether the waste is hazardous because it is or contains biological agents.
 - c. Whether the waste is hazardous because it is sharp, heavy or flammable.
 - d. How we segregate environmental recyclable waste streams from non-recyclable waste streams.
 - e. How waste is it stored in the workplace?
 - f. How is it moved about the workplace?
 - g. How is it stored outside the premises? Is it secure? Can the public gain access?
 - h. Is the way we store waste an invitation to an arsonist?
 - i. How can we make the process easier and safer for our workers?
5. Consider how environmental legislation and requirements might impact on health and safety procedures and how the waste is disposed of.
6. Involve workers in developing a procedure based on these considerations.
7. Keep a written record of significant risk assessments and the control measures and systems of work adopted.
8. Make sure that Managers and Supervisors understand the procedures and arrangements. Consider whether they need any training.
9. Explain our system and arrangements to the workforce. Ensure they are understood and provide further training where necessary.
10. Implement the procedure and ensure that it is followed in practice.
11. Monitor and review the operation of this procedure from time to time making changes to the procedure identified as necessary or beneficial.

Advice and guidance on the control of hazardous and non-hazardous waste can be found in Guidance Note 3-6.

Safety Arrangement 3-9

ACCESS, EGRESS, STAIRS AND FLOORS

We have a duty to protect the health, safety and welfare of our workforce while at work and others who come onto our premises from the risk of injury due to badly maintained access and exit routes, stairs and floors.

We do this by:

- Nominating senior staff members to be responsible for monitoring and reducing incidents occurring as a result of incidents involving access and egress facilities, including stairs and floors etc.
- Making an assessment of the risks from incidents involving access and egress facilities, including stairs and floors etc.
- Developing and implementing control measures, policies and Safe Systems of Work.
- Ensuring that the management of the policy, procedures, Safe Systems of Work and control measures relating to slips, trips and falls are undertaken by competent, trained personnel.
- Managing our activities to ensure that employees and others use the control measures provided and follow our policies, procedures and Safe Systems of Work.
- Providing and recording relevant training.
 - Monitoring and reviewing our systems; using our experience of operating these arrangements we aim to make improvements to the way we manage these risks.

The personnel responsible for the above measures are identified within the Responsibility Table of our Health and Safety Policy.

Safety Arrangement 3-9

ACCESS, EGRESS, STAIRS AND FLOORS

Action Plan

To protect the health, safety and welfare of our workforce while at work and others who come onto our premises from the risk of injury due to slips, trips and falls we need to:

1. Consider the nature of our premises and the way we work to identify areas where badly designed or maintained access and exit routes, stairs and floors could create access and egress problems or otherwise obstruct movement leading to employees and others slipping, tripping or falling.
2. Identify the control measures already in place and any additional measures that may be required.
3. Consider issues including;
 - a. Steep stairs, handrails.
 - b. Ramps
 - c. Changes in floor levels
 - d. Potholes in floors and yard areas.
 - e. Blind corners
 - f. Wet and slippery floors
 - g. Highly polished floors
 - h. Trailing cables.
 - i. Rubbish.
4. Keep a written record of significant risk assessments and the control measures and systems of work adopted.
5. Make sure that Managers and Supervisors understand the procedures and arrangements. Consider whether they need any training.
6. Explain our system and arrangements to the workforce. Ensure they are understood and provide further training where necessary.
7. Implement the procedure and ensure that it is followed in practice.
8. Monitor and review the operation of this procedure from time to time and after any incident involving access, egress, stairs or floors, making changes to the procedure identified as necessary or beneficial.

Advice and guidance on the control of access, egress, stairs and floors can be found in Guidance Note 3-9.

Safety Arrangement 3-10

WINDOWS, GLASS AND GLAZING IN THE WORKPLACE

We have a duty to ensure the safety, health and welfare of our employees and others who enter our premises from the risks posed by glass and glazing.

We do this by:

- Nominating senior staff members to reduce the risks from glass and glazing systems.
- Making an assessment of the risks from glass and glazing systems to our workforce and others.
- Developing and implementing control measures, policies and Safe Systems of Work.
- Ensuring that the management of the policy, procedures, Safe Systems of Work and control measures relating to glass and glazing systems are undertaken by competent, trained personnel.
- Managing our activities to ensure that employees and others use the control measures provided and follow our policies, procedures and Safe Systems of Work.
- Providing and recording relevant training.
- Monitoring and reviewing our systems; using our experience of operating these arrangements we aim to make improvements to the way we manage the risks from glass and glazing systems.

The personnel responsible for the above measures and training relating to glazing within our workplace are identified within the Responsibility Table of our Health and Safety Policy.

Safety Arrangement 3-10

WINDOWS, GLASS AND GLAZING IN THE WORKPLACE

Action Check List

To ensure the safety, health and welfare of our employees and others who enter our premises from the risks to their safety from inappropriate glass or glazing systems we need to:

1. Identify glass and glazing which, because of its use and position, could present a risk to the safety of building users.
2. Assess the risks to our workforce and others from the glass or glazing systems at our workplace.
3. Identify the control measures already in place and any additional measures that may be required.
4. Consider;
 - a. What type of glazing is installed?
 - b. Is there a risk of contact with the glazing?
 - c. Does the glass or glazing material meet current standards for that application?
 - d. Is all of the glazing obvious – will glass walls always be noticed by a passer-by?

Explain these arrangements to the workforce, their Supervisors and Managers.

6. Ensure they are understood and provide further training where necessary.
7. Implement the procedure and ensure that it is followed in practice.
8. Monitor and review the operation of this procedure from time to time and whenever there is an incident involving glass and glazing systems, making changes to the procedure identified as necessary or beneficial.

Advice and guidance on the control of windows, glass and glazing systems can be found in Guidance Note 3-10.

Safety Arrangement 3-11

WORKPLACE SIGNS

Where it is appropriate we have a legal duty to display safety signs to warn our workers and others of hazards that may be present in our workplace.

We do this by:

- Nominating senior staff members to consider and identify where we need to use safety signs.
- Identifying and implementing procedures for the purchase and installation of signs.
- Ensuring that signage is adequate for its purpose and it is maintained and checked.
- Ensuring that assessments of our requirements are made by competent, trained personnel.
- Ensuring that workplace signs are adhered to.
- Providing and recording relevant training.
- Monitoring and reviewing our systems; using our experience of operating these arrangements we aim to make improvements to the way we manage the use of safety signs.

The personnel responsible for the above measures are identified within the Responsibility Table of our Health and Safety Policy.

Safety Arrangement 3-11

WORKPLACE SIGNS

Action Check List

To protect the health, safety and welfare of our employees and others from the hazards and risks present in our workplace we need to use safety signs as a way of warning personnel that those hazards exist. We need to:

1. Identify where on our worksite hazards exist that need to be marked with warning signs.
2. Identify signs already in place and any additional signs that may be required. 3.

Consider, as part of our assessment, issues such as;

- a. Where prohibition signs should be used.
 - b. Where signs should be used as a caution.
 - c. Where signs should be used to require positive action.
 - d. Where signs are required to indicate a mandatory action.
 - e. Whether signs are made, coloured and displayed according to legal requirements.
 - f. Replacement of damaged signs – now and in the future.
4. Involve our workforce in developing these arrangements and systems. 5.
- Keep a written record of assessments and decisions made.
6. Make sure that Managers and Supervisors understand the procedures and arrangements.
Consider whether they need any training.
 7. Explain decisions to the workforce. Ensure they are understood and provide further training where necessary.
 8. Implement the procedure and ensure that it is followed in practice.
 9. Monitor and review the operation of this procedure and the provision of signs from time to time.

Advice on safety signs can be found in Guidance Note 3-11.

Safety Arrangement 3-13

WORKING IN THE OPEN AIR

WORKING IN THE SUN

We have a duty to protect our employees from the health hazard and risks from working in the open air and in the sun.

We do this by:

- Nominating senior staff members to reduce the risks arising from working in the open air and in the sun.
- Making an assessment of the risks to our workforce from working in the sun and open air.
- Developing and implementing control measures, policies and Safe Systems of Work.
- Ensuring that the management of the policy, procedures, Safe Systems of Work and control measures relating to open air working are undertaken by competent, trained personnel.
- Providing and using personal protective equipment.
 - Managing our activities to ensure that employees and others use the control measures provided and follow our policies, procedures and Safe Systems of Work.
- Providing and recording relevant training.
- Monitoring and reviewing our systems; using our experience of operating these arrangements we aim to make improvements to the way we manage the risks facing our workforce

The personnel responsible for the above measures are identified within the Responsibility Table of our Health and Safety Policy.

Safety Arrangement 3-13

WORKING IN THE OPEN AIR

WORKING IN THE SUN

Action Check List

To protect workers from the risks posed from working in the open air and in the sun we need to:

1. Assess our work activity to identify where and when workers may be exposed to harm from working in the open air and in the sun.
2. Identify any workers with health issues that make them particularly susceptible to injury from working outdoors.
3. Identify the control measures already in place and any additional measures that may be required.
4. Consider;
 - a. Excessive exposure to sunlight – provide sunscreen/sun block, water supply, regular breaks, covering exposed parts of the body.
 - b. Watercourse hazards – fall arrest equipment, inflatable life jackets, two-man working.
 - c. Lack of available light to work safely (e.g. during the winter months or at night) – provide appropriate artificial lighting and spare bulbs.
 - d. Exposure to dust and micro-organisms (resulting in sensitization or asthma) – is health surveillance or respiratory protective equipment required?
 - e. Life-threatening reactions from bites and stings - availability of antidotes, first aid provision, medical assistance, individual specific risk assessments.
 - f. Adverse weather conditions (hypothermia, heat exhaustion) - length of time of exposure, appropriate clothing, periodic rest breaks.
5. Keep a written record of significant risk assessments and the control measures and systems of work adopted.
6. Make sure that Managers and Supervisors understand the procedures and arrangements. Consider whether they need any training.
7. Explain our system and arrangements to the workforce. Ensure they are understood and provide further training where necessary.
8. Implement the procedure and ensure that it is followed in practice. 9. Report any incidence of a reportable injury or disease to the Enforcing Authorities.
10. Monitor and review the operation of this procedure from time to time and whenever an employee is harmed as a result of working in the open air, making changes to the procedure identified as necessary or beneficial.

Information and advice on the control of external working can be found in our Guidance Notes 3-13 Working in the Open Air and 3-17 Working in the Sun.